



Texas Archive of the Moving Image

## Lesson Plan: **8,000 Miles from Home: A Texas Perspective on the Vietnam War Era** (Middle and High School Social Studies)

Home movies provide a different kind of moving image history of the first “television war,” than that found in Hollywood features and documentaries. Using TAMI’s curated collection *Texas and Texans During the Vietnam War Years*, students will explore the Vietnam War and its relationship to Texas by viewing both news footage and home movies and presenting the materials to their classmates in the form of a newscast. This lesson targets TEKS curriculum objectives in 7<sup>th</sup> Grade Social Studies and US History Since Reconstruction.

### Films:

- Texas and Texans During the Vietnam War Years: [http://www.texasarchive.org/library/index.php/Collection\\_-\\_Texas\\_and\\_Texans\\_During\\_the\\_Vietnam\\_War\\_Years](http://www.texasarchive.org/library/index.php/Collection_-_Texas_and_Texans_During_the_Vietnam_War_Years)
- This collection includes [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 1 - Leisure Time at Camp Evans](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 2 - Carrying the Injured to a Helicopter](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 3 - Aerial Footage near Huế, South Vietnam](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 4 - Da Nang Air Base](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 5 - The Streets of Saigon](#), [LBJ visits Guam](#), [Peace Offer - LBJ to Halt Bombing If Talks Follow](#), [Cassius Clay Guilty](#), [Mrs. LBJ Receives Honorary Degree](#), [Senator Ralph Yarborough Interviews Young Vietnam Veterans](#), [Bell Family, 1963-1966](#), [The Ludeke Family Collection, no. 8 - Wedding in Burkburnett](#), and [UT vs. TCU Football and Bauer House Tour](#).

### Resources:

- <http://www.museum.tv/archives/etv/V/htmlV/vietnamonte/vietnamonte.htm>, The museum of Broadcast Communication, article about television and the Vietnam War
- <http://www.vwip.org/>: The Vietnam War Internet Project, a website featuring official documents, personal narratives and oral histories, analysis, and bibliographies to assist readers in understanding different perspectives on the war



Texas Archive of the Moving Image

- <http://school.discoveryeducation.com/lessonplans/programs/vietnam/>: Opposing Views of Vietnam, a lesson plan by Discovery Education
- <http://tappedin.org/archive/projects/vietnam/>: The Vietnam War: Past and Present, a resource page for teaching the Vietnam War
- <http://www.archives.gov/education/lessons/vietnam-photos/activities.html>: NARA's Teaching With Documents Lesson Plan: The War in Vietnam - A Story in Photographs
- <http://www.presidentialtimeline.org/>, The Presidential Timeline, a timeline featuring primary sources from the Lyndon Baines Johnson and Richard Milhous Nixon

### Process:

#### Prior Knowledge

1. The following activity assumes that students have some knowledge of the Vietnam War.
2. Students should be familiar with “moving images” as a source of both fact and fiction, as well as the idea of bias and propaganda as elements of media.

#### Hook

1. As a group, determine student prior knowledge of the Vietnam War. Go around the room and ask students to explain their immediate thoughts associated with the phrase “The Vietnam War.” Take notes using a blackboard or dry-erase board.
2. Go around the room again and ask students to describe their main sources of information about the Vietnam War. Also, have them explore whether representations of the Vietnam War they may have experience in popular culture (like music, film, television). Questions to stimulate discussion: Does anyone have a relative that fought in the war? Has anyone read a book or article on the war? Has anyone ever seen a feature film depicting the Vietnam War or veterans? Has anyone ever seen a documentary, news footage, etc.? Take notes on students responses on the board.
3. Now circle all of the responses that involve moving images. Let students know that Vietnam was considered the first televised war. Why would that have been? (emergence of television as a media source) How might that have differed from information people received about previous wars? (newspapers, newsreels, etc.) How might this affect views of the war?



## Lesson

1. For this lesson, students will be looking at several different types of moving images from the Vietnam War era. All of these have Texas connections and are part of TAMI's curated collection *Texas and Texans During the Vietnam War Years*. Use the TAMI Guide to Moving Image Genres (<http://www.texasarchive.org/education/genres.html>) to introduce students to home movies, newsreels, and outtakes, the three types of footage featured in the collection.
2. Divide students into groups of 2-4. Assign each group two clips from the collection to watch and then present to the class in the form of a newscast. Have each groups choose or assign each group one newsreel or television outtake and one home movie:
  - a. Newsreels and television outtakes: [LBJ visits Guam](#), [Peace Offer - LBJ to Halt Bombing If Talks Follow](#), [Cassius Clay Guilty](#), [Mrs. LBJ Receives Honorary Degree](#), [Senator Ralph Yarborough Interviews Young Vietnam Veterans](#), [UT vs. TCU Football and Bauer House Tour](#),
  - b. Home Movies: [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 1 - Leisure Time at Camp Evans](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 2 - Carrying the Injured to a Helicopter](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 3 - Aerial Footage near Huế, South Vietnam](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 4 - Da Nang Air Base](#), [The Marcellus Hartman Collection, no. 5 - The Streets of Saigon](#), [The Ludeke Family Collection, no. 8 - Wedding in Burkburnett](#), [Bell Family, 1963-1966](#)

Students will watch the films and then create a news segment using the film footage. Students should try to imagine they are presenting the footage during the late 1960s or early 1970s at a local Texas television station. Working together, students should select 30-60 seconds of each film to feature and create introductions, outros and voiceovers describing the footage and explaining its relevance to the Vietnam War Era. Each group should have a 5 minute presentation in the style of a newscast. This will require students to conduct some research, but to also be creative by putting themselves into the era. With the newsreels and outtakes, they can identify the people, locations, and dates, and relate it to other events happening in the same time period. This presentation should be based in research. With the home movies, students should use their creativity to present the story of fictional Texans and their interaction with the war based upon the footage.



Texas Archive of the Moving Image

With both pieces, they should describe the footage's relevance to the Vietnam War era and also to Texas in general.

For an additional challenge, have students present their pieces with bias for or against the war in Vietnam.

3. Students present their films to the class. After the presentations, students should write a one-page response paper examining the differences between the home movie footage and the newsreels and outtakes used in the activity.

### **Independent Learning:**

Have students choose piece of music that addresses the subject of the Vietnam War to accompany one of the home movies presented.

Some examples can be found here:

Songs - [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_songs\\_about\\_the\\_Vietnam\\_War](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_songs_about_the_Vietnam_War)

Students should right an explanation for their choice of song and film. They should also describe how accompanying music enhances or affects the viewing or meaning of the footage.

### **TEKS:**

#### **Social Studies Grade 7**

7.D Analyze the political, economic, and social impact of major wars on the history of Texas

21.B Analyze information by sequencing categorizing, identifying cause-and-effect relationships, comparing, contrasting, finding the main idea, summarizing, making generalizations and predictions, and drawing inferences and conclusions

21.E Support a point of view on a social studies issue or event

#### **US History Studies Since Reconstruction**

1.A: Identify the major eras in U.S. history from 1877 to the present and describe their defining characteristics

19.C Identify the contributions of Texans that have been Presidents of the United States



Texas Archive of the Moving Image

21.B Analyze information by sequencing categorizing, identifying cause-and-effect relationships, comparing, contrasting, finding the main idea, summarizing, making generalizations and predictions, and drawing inferences and conclusions

21.E Support a point of view on a social studies issue or event